

Praxair Material Safety Data Sheet

1. Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name: Neon, refrigerated liquid (MSDS No. P-4628-F)	Trade Names: Liquid Neon
Chemical Name: Neon	Synonyms: Neon (cryogenic liquid)
Chemical Family: Cryogenic liquid	Product Grades: None assigned.
Telephone:	Company Name: Praxair, Inc.
Emergencies: 1-800-645-4633*	39 Old Ridgebury Road
CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300*	Danbury, CT 06810-5113
Routine: 1-800-PRAXAIR	

*Call emergency numbers 24 hours a day only for spills, leaks, fire, exposure, or accidents involving this product. For routine information, contact your supplier, Praxair sales representative, or call 1-800-PRAXAIR (1-800-772-9247).

2. Hazards Identification

WARNING! Extremely cold liquid and gas under pressure.

Can cause rapid suffocation.

Can cause severe frostbite.

Liquid or cold gas can freeze air in vent lines.

May cause dizziness and drowsiness.

Self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing may be required by rescue workers.

Under ambient conditions, this is a colorless, odorless, inert, cryogenic liquid.

OSHA REGULATORY STATUS: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communications Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS:

Effects of a Single (Acute) Overexposure

Inhalation. Asphyxiant. Effects are due to lack of oxygen. Moderate concentrations may cause headache, drowsiness, dizziness, excitation, excess salivation, vomiting, and unconsciousness. Lack of oxygen can kill.

Skin Contact. No harm expected from gas. Cold gas or liquid may cause severe frostbite, a freezing injury resembling a burn.

Swallowing. An unlikely route of exposure. This product is a gas at normal temperature and pressure, but frostbite of the lips and mouth may result from contact with the liquid.

Eye Contact. No harm expected from vapor. Cold gas or liquid may cause severe frostbite.

Effects of Repeated (Chronic) Overexposure. No harm expected.

Other Effects of Overexposure. Contact with the liquid may cause frostbite.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Overexposure. The toxicology and the physical and chemical properties of neon suggest that overexposure is unlikely to aggravate existing medical conditions.

CARCINOGENICITY: Neon is not listed by NTP, OSHA, or IARC.

POTENTIAL ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS: None known. For further information, see section 12, Ecological Information.

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

See section 16 for important information about mixtures.

COMPONENT	CAS NUMBER	CONCENTRATION
Neon	7440-01-9	>99%*

*The symbol > means "greater than."

4. First Aid Measures

INHALATION: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, qualified personnel may give oxygen. Call a physician.

SKIN CONTACT: For exposure to liquid, immediately warm frostbite area with warm water not to exceed 105°F (41°C). In case of massive exposure, remove contaminated clothing while showering with warm water. Call a physician.

SWALLOWING: An unlikely route of exposure. This product is a gas at normal temperature and pressure.

EYE CONTACT: Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with warm water for at least 15 minutes. Hold the eyelids open and away from the eyeballs to ensure that all surfaces are flushed thoroughly. See a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist, immediately.

NOTES TO PHYSICIAN: *There is no specific antidote. Treatment of overexposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.*

5. Fire Fighting Measures

FLAMMABLE PROPERTIES: Neon cannot catch fire.

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Neon cannot catch fire. Use media appropriate for surrounding fire.

PRODUCTS OF COMBUSTION: None known.

PROTECTION OF FIREFIGHTERS: WARNING! Extremely cold liquid and gas under pressure. Asphyxiant. Lack of oxygen can kill. Evacuate all personnel from danger area. Immediately spray containers with water from maximum distance until cool, taking care not to direct spray onto vents on top of container. Do not discharge sprays into liquid neon. Liquid neon will freeze water rapidly. When containers have cooled, move them away from fire area if without risk. Self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing may be required by rescue workers. On-site fire brigades must comply with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.156.

Specific Physical and Chemical Hazards. Heat of fire can build pressure in a closed container and cause it to rupture. No part of a container should be subjected to a temperature higher than 125°F (52°C). Liquid neon containers are equipped with pressure relief devices.

(Exceptions may exist where authorized by DOT.) Venting vapors may obscure visibility. Liquid causes severe frostbite. (See section 2.)

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters. Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full fire-fighting turnout gear.

6. Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED:

WARNING! Extremely cold liquid and gas under pressure.

Personal Precautions. Asphyxiant. Lack of oxygen can kill. Evacuate all personnel from danger area, using self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing where needed. Extremely cold liquid and gas. Liquid causes severe frostbite. (See section 2.) Shut off leak if without risk. Avoid contact with spilled liquid and allow it to evaporate. Ventilate area of leak or move container to a well-ventilated area. Test for sufficient oxygen, especially in confined spaces, before allowing reentry

Environmental Precautions. Prevent waste from contaminating the surrounding environment. Keep personnel away. Discard any product, residue, disposable container, or liner in an environmentally acceptable manner, in full compliance with federal, state, and local regulations. If necessary, call your local supplier for assistance.

7. Handling and Storage

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING: Do not get liquid in eyes, on skin, or clothing. Never allow any unprotected part of your body to touch uninsulated pipes or vessels containing cryogenic fluids. Flesh will stick to the extremely cold metal and will tear when you try to pull free. For liquid withdrawal, wear face shield and cryogenic gloves (see section 8). ***Air will condense on surfaces such as vaporizers and piping exposed to liquid neon or cold neon gas.*** Nitrogen, which has a lower boiling point than oxygen, will evaporate first, leaving an oxygen-enriched condensate. Keep all areas of possible condensation free of oil, grease, and other combustible materials to prevent possible ignition or explosion. Use a suitable hand truck to move containers; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Cryogenic containers must be handled and stored securely in an upright position so they cannot be knocked over. Open valve slowly. If valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier. Close container valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. For other precautions in using neon, see section 16.

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN STORAGE: *Store and use with adequate ventilation.* Store only where temperatures will not exceed 125°F (52°C). Do not store in a confined space. Cryogenic containers are equipped with a pressure relief device and a pressure-controlling valve. Under normal conditions these containers will periodically vent product. Use adequate pressure relief devices in systems and piping to prevent pressure buildup; entrapped liquid can generate extremely high pressures when vaporized by warming.

RECOMMENDED PUBLICATIONS: For further information on storage, handling, and use, see Praxair publication P-14-153, *Guidelines for Handling Gas Cylinders and Containers*. Obtain from your local supplier.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

COMPONENT	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV-TWA (2007)
Neon	N.E.*	Simple asphyxiant

* N.E.—Not Established.

IDLH = Not available.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS:

Local Exhaust. Use a local exhaust system, if necessary, to prevent oxygen deficiency.

Mechanical (General). General exhaust ventilation may be acceptable if it can maintain an adequate supply of air.

Special. None

Other. None

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

Skin Protection. Wear loose-fitting, cryogenic gloves, metatarsal shoes for container handling, and protective clothing where needed. Cuffless trousers should be worn outside the shoes. Select in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.132 and 1910.133. Regardless of protective equipment, never touch live electrical parts.

Eye/Face Protection. Safety glasses and a full face shield are recommended. Select in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.133.

Respiratory Protection. None required under normal use. However, air-supplied respirators are required while working in confined spaces with this product. Respiratory protection must conform to OSHA rules as specified in 29 CFR 1910.134. Select per OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

APPEARANCE:	Colorless liquid		
ODOR:	Odorless		
ODOR THRESHOLD:	Not applicable.		
PHYSICAL STATE:	Cryogenic liquid		
pH:	Not applicable.		
FREEZING POINT at 1 atm:	-415.6°F (-248.66°C)		
BOILING POINT at 1 atm:	-410.91 °F (-246.06°C)		
FLASH POINT (test method):	Not applicable.		
EXPANSION RATIO for liquid at boiling point to gas at 70°F (21.1°C):	1 to 1445		
EVAPORATION RATE (Butyl Acetate = 1):	High		
FLAMMABILITY:	Nonflammable		
FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR , % by volume:	LOWER: Not applicable.	UPPER: Not applicable.	
LIQUID DENSITY at -400°F (-240°C):	67.8 lb/ft ³ (1.086 g/cm ³)		
VAPOR PRESSURE at 68°F (20°C):	Not applicable.		
VAPOR DENSITY at 70°F (21.1°C) and 1 atm:	0.0522 lb/ft ³ (0.836 kg/m ³)		

SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H ₂ O = 1) at boiling point:	1.204
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SPECIFIC GRAVITY (Air = 1) at 70°F (21.1°C) and 1 atm:	0.697
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SOLUBILITY IN WATER , vol/vol at 68°F (20°C):	0.0105
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PARTITION COEFFICIENT: n-octanol/water:	Not available.
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AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE:	Not applicable.
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DECOMPOSITION TEMPERATURE:	Not available.
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PERCENT VOLATILES BY VOLUME:	100
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MOLECULAR WEIGHT:	20.18
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MOLECULAR FORMULA:	Ne
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10. Stability and Reactivity

CHEMICAL STABILITY: Unstable Stable

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: None known.

INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS: None known. Neon is chemically inert.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: None known.

POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS: May Occur Will Not Occur

11. Toxicological Information

ACUTE DOSE EFFECTS: Neon is a simple asphyxiant.

STUDY RESULTS: None known.

12. Ecological Information

ECOTOXICITY: No adverse ecological effects expected.

OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS: Neon does not contain any Class I or Class II ozone-depleting chemicals.

13. Disposal Considerations

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD: Do not attempt to dispose of residual or unused quantities. Return cylinder to supplier.

14. Transport Information

DOT/IMO SHIPPING NAME: Neon, refrigerated liquid

HAZARD CLASS:	PACKING GROUP/Zone:	IDENTIFICATION NUMBER:	PRODUCT RQ:
2.2	NA*	UN1913	None

SHIPPING LABEL(s): NONFLAMMABLE GAS

PLACARD (when required): NONFLAMMABLE GAS

* Not applicable.

SPECIAL SHIPPING INFORMATION: Cylinders should be transported in a secure position, in a well-ventilated vehicle. Cylinders transported in an enclosed, nonventilated compartment of a vehicle can present serious safety hazards.

Shipment of compressed gas cylinders that have been filled without the owner's consent is a violation of federal law [49 CFR 173.301(b)].

MARINE POLLUTANTS: Neon is not listed as a marine pollutant by DOT.

15. Regulatory Information

The following selected regulatory requirements may apply to this product. Not all such requirements are identified. Users of this product are solely responsible for compliance with all applicable federal, state, and local regulations.

U.S. FEDERAL REGULATIONS:

EPA (ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY)

CERCLA: COMPREHENSIVE ENVIRONMENTAL RESPONSE, COMPENSATION, AND LIABILITY ACT OF 1980 (40 CFR Parts 117 and 302):

Reportable Quantity (RQ): None

SARA: SUPERFUND AMENDMENT AND REAUTHORIZATION ACT:

SECTIONS 302/304: Require emergency planning based on Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ) and release reporting based on Reportable Quantities (RQ) of Extremely Hazardous Substances (EHS) (40 CFR Part 355):

TPQ: None

EHS RQ (40 CFR 355): None

SECTIONS 311/312: Require submission of MSDSs and reporting of chemical inventories with identification of EPA hazard categories. The hazard categories for this product are as follows:

IMMEDIATE: Yes

PRESSURE: Yes

DELAYED: No

REACTIVITY: No

FIRE: No

SECTION 313: Requires submission of annual reports of release of toxic chemicals that appear in 40 CFR Part 372.

Neon is not subject to reporting under Section 313.

40 CFR 68: RISK MANAGEMENT PROGRAM FOR CHEMICAL ACCIDENTAL RELEASE PREVENTION: Requires development and implementation of risk management programs at facilities that manufacture, use, store, or otherwise handle regulated substances in quantities that exceed specified thresholds.

Neon is not listed as a regulated substance.

TSCA: TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT: Neon is listed on the TSCA inventory.

OSHA: OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH ADMINISTRATION:

29 CFR 1910.119: PROCESS SAFETY MANAGEMENT OF HIGHLY HAZARDOUS CHEMICALS: Requires facilities to develop a process safety management program based on Threshold Quantities (TQ) of highly hazardous chemicals.

Neon is not listed in Appendix A as a highly hazardous chemical.

STATE REGULATIONS:

CALIFORNIA: Neon is not listed by California under the SAFE DRINKING WATER AND TOXIC ENFORCEMENT ACT OF 1986 (Proposition 65).

PENNSYLVANIA: Neon is subject to the PENNSYLVANIA WORKER AND COMMUNITY RIGHT-TO-KNOW ACT (35 P.S. Sections 7301-7320).

16. Other Information

Be sure to read and understand all labels and instructions supplied with all containers of this product.

OTHER HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS OF HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE: *Extremely cold liquid and gas under pressure. Use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand pressures to be encountered.* Avoid materials incompatible with cryogenic use; some metals such as carbon steel may fracture easily at low temperature. Use insulated hoses and piping to avoid condensation of oxygen-rich liquid air. See container manufacturer's operating instructions to avoid freezing air in vent lines. **To prevent liquid or cold gas from being trapped in piping between valves, equip the piping with pressure relief devices.** Use only transfer lines designed for cryogenic liquids. Praxair recommends piping all vents to the exterior of the building. Use a backflow prevention device in any piping. **Neon gas can cause rapid suffocation due to oxygen deficiency.** Store and use with adequate ventilation. **Never work on a pressurized system.** If there is a leak, close the cylinder valve. Blow the system down in a safe and environmentally sound manner in compliance with all federal, state and local laws; then repair the leak. **Never place a compressed gas cylinder where it may become part of an electrical circuit.**

Mixtures. When you mix two or more gases or liquefied gases, you can create additional, unexpected hazards. Obtain and evaluate the safety information for each component before you produce the mixture. Consult an industrial hygienist or other trained person when you evaluate the end product. Remember, gases and liquids have properties that can cause serious injury or death.

HAZARD RATING SYSTEMS:

NFPA RATINGS:

HEALTH = 3
FLAMMABILITY = 0
INSTABILITY = 0
SPECIAL = SA (CGA recommends this to designate Simple Asphyxiant.)

HMIS RATINGS:

HEALTH = 3
FLAMMABILITY = 0
PHYSICAL HAZARD = 2

STANDARD VALVE CONNECTIONS FOR U.S. AND CANADA:

THREADED: CGA-792
PIN-INDEXED YOKE: Not applicable.
ULTRA-HIGH-INTEGRITY CONNECTION: Not applicable.

Use the proper CGA connections. **DO NOT USE ADAPTERS.** Additional limited-standard connections may apply. See CGA pamphlet V-1 listed below.

Ask your supplier about free Praxair safety literature as referred to in this MSDS and on the label for this product. Further information can be found in the following materials published by the Compressed Gas Association, Inc. (CGA), 4221 Walney Road, 5th Floor, Chantilly, VA 20151-2923, Telephone (703) 788-2700, <http://www.cganet.com/Publication.asp>.

AV-1 *Safe Handling and Storage of Compressed Gases*
AV-5 *Safe Handling of Liquefied Nitrogen and Neon*
P-1 *Safe Handling of Compressed Gases in Containers*
SB-2 *Oxygen-Deficient Atmospheres*
V-1 *Compressed Gas Cylinder Valve Inlet and Outlet Connections*
— *Handbook of Compressed Gases, Fourth Edition*

Praxair asks users of this product to study this MSDS and become aware of product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify employees, agents, and contractors of the information in this MSDS and of any other known product hazards and safety information, (2) furnish this information to each purchaser of the product, and (3) ask each purchaser to notify its employees and customers of the product hazards and safety information.

The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Praxair, Inc. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Material Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use of the product are not within the control of Praxair, Inc., it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product.

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